AO 88A (Rev. 12/13) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action

United States District Court for the District of Plaintiff v. Civil Action No. Defendant SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A DEPOSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION To: (Name of person to whom this subpoena is directed) ☐ Testimony: YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the time, date, and place set forth below to testify at a deposition to be taken in this civil action. If you are an organization, you must designate one or more officers, directors, or managing agents, or designate other persons who consent to testify on your behalf about the following matters, or those set forth in an attachment: Place: Date and Time: The deposition will be recorded by this method: ☐ *Production:* You, or your representatives, must also bring with you to the deposition the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects, and must permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the material: The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliance; Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so. Date: CLERK OF COURT OR Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk Attorney's signature

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, a notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the attorney representing (name of party)

AO 88A (Rev. 12/13) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

| I received this sun (date) | bpoena for (name of individual and title, if an | ny) | |
|----------------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------|
| ☐ I served the su | abpoena by delivering a copy to the nar | ned individual as follow | ws: |
| | | on (date) | ; or |
| ☐ I returned the | subpoena unexecuted because: | | |
| tendered to the w | ena was issued on behalf of the United ritness the fees for one day's attendance | | |
| fees are \$ | for travel and \$ | for services, f | or a total of \$ |
| I declare under p | enalty of perjury that this information i | s true. | |
| te: | _ | Company's sign | 200 |
| | | Server's signo | iture |
| | | Printed name an | nd title |
| | | | |
| | | Server's add | ress |

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

(c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- **(B)** within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

(2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
 - (B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- **(B)** Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
 - (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) *Documents*. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- **(D)** Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

For access to subpoena materials, see Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a) Committee Note (2013).

SCHEDULE A

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Whenever reference is made to a person or legal entity, it includes any and all of such person's or entity's past and present affiliates, officers, directors, agents, partners, servants, employees, attorneys, representatives, consultants, accountants, investigators, predecessors, successors, assigns and/or any other person or entity acting on, or purporting to act on, its behalf.
- 2. The terms "document" and "documents" mean any and all items referred to as "documents" in Fed. R. Civ. P. 34 and as "writings" and "recordings" in Rule 1001 of the Federal Rules of Evidence. By way of example and without limitation, the terms "document" and "documents" include the original, all drafts, and all non-identical copies, regardless of origin or location, of the following: notes, correspondence, internal communications, telegrams, cables, telexes, e-mail, ledger books, contracts, statements, memoranda, summaries of records of conversations, diaries, reports, charts, tags, stickers, labels, cartons, boxes, art work, mockup labels, films, video tapes, audio tapes, phonograph records, compact disks, digital video disks, drawings, graphs, photographs, microfilm, minutes or records of meetings, reports and/or summaries of interviews or investigations, opinions and/or reports and/or studies of experts or consultants, agreements, reports and/or studies from County personnel, legislative, administrative and/or policy documents, including but not limited to, ordinances, resolutions, administrative orders or memoranda, notebooks, letters, advertisements, promotional literature, trade letters, press releases, proxy statements, prospectuses, stock certificates, books of account, ledgers, invoices, financial statements, purchase orders, receipts, canceled checks and any other data compilations from which information can be obtained or translated through detection devices into usable form. The term "document" shall include data stored, maintained or organized electronically, magnetically or through the use of computer equipment (including back-up tapes), translated, if necessary, into reasonably usable form.
- 3. "Communication" is used in its broadest sense and includes, but is not limited to, any oral or written transmittal of information or request for information made from one person to another, whether made in person, by telephone, email, or by any other means, or a document as defined above, made for the purpose of recording a communication, idea, statement, opinion, or belief.
- 4. "Reflecting," "referring to," "relating to," and "reflecting, referring and/or relating to," mean evidencing, discussing, defining, mentioning, pertaining to, consisting of, reflecting, concerning, recording, evaluating, or in any way logically or factually connected with the matter discussed or to which reference is made.
- 5. "And" and "or" shall be construed in the conjunctive or disjunctive as necessary to bring within the scope of the Request all responses that might otherwise be construed as outside its scope.
- 6. "Each" shall be construed to include the word "every" and "every" shall be construed to include the word "each."
- 7. "Any" shall be construed to include the word "all" and "all" shall be construed to include the word "any."
 - 8. "Including" shall be construed to include the phrase "without limitation."

- 9. "Person" means any natural person, corporation, partnership, company, sole proprietorship, association, institute, joint venture, firm, governmental body, or other legal entity, whether privately or publicly owned or controlled, for profit or not-for-profit, or partially or fully government owned or controlled.
- 10. To the extent a request calls for the production of documents or things you contend are subject to a privilege or immunity from discovery, your written response to the request should so indicate, but you are requested to produce the balance of the documents or things not subject to a claim of privilege which fall within the scope of the request. Additionally, to the extent information subject to a privilege or immunity from discovery is contained within responsive documents or things, you are requested to produce a redacted version of the document or thing containing the non-privileged information with a notation on the produced document or thing indicating that it is being produced in redacted form.
- 11. For each document or thing requested that you object to producing on the basis of any privilege or immunity from discovery, please provide the following information:
 - a. The basis for the privilege being invoked;
 - b. The date of the document;
 - c. The title of the document (if any);
 - d. The name of the person(s) authoring the document;
 - e. The name of the person(s) to whom the document and/or any copies thereof were given or transmitted:
 - f. The present location and custodian of the document, or any copies thereof; and
 - g. The general subject matter dealt with in the document with reasonable specificity.
 - 12. The relevant time period for these Requests is August 24, 2012 to present.

DEFINITIONS

- 1. "Asset" means anything of economic value exceeding € 10.000 that can be owned, controlled, used, and/or otherwise transferred, donated, sold, conveyed, charged, mortgaged, alienated, and/or changed in value, including, without limitation, trusts, checking accounts, savings accounts, investment accounts, money market accounts, brokerage accounts, cash on hand, investments, shares in mutual funds, shares in publicly traded stocks, shares in non-publicly traded stocks, corporate bonds, residential real estate, commercial real estate, art, sculpture, drawings, paintings, antiques, crystal, china, silver, other collectibles, automobiles, boats, aircraft, intellectual property, and/or annuities.
- 2. "Transfer" means transfer, donate, sell, convey, charge, mortgage, alienate, or any other manner in which assets of property can be transferred.

- 3. "You" or "your" refers to Zoe Bullock Remmel.
- 4. "Husband" refers to Harmon Martin Towson Remmel.
- 5. "Children" refers to Nicola ("Nicki") Remmel, Julian Remmel, and/or any other of your descendants.
- 6. "Bullock" refers to your mother Janna Bullock, including any entity owned or controlled by Janna Bullock and any entity in which Janna Bullock owns or holds any interest whatsoever (including, without limitation, any trusts, limited liability companies, partnerships, corporations, or limited partnerships).
- 7. "Zaya Food" refers to your food and/or catering business, as referenced in various June 2016 sources, including https://bfa.com/events/16567 and https://hamptons-magazine.com/culture-post/51144/The-White-Party-Hosted-by-Janna-Bullock.

REQUESTED DOCUMENTS

- 1. All documents concerning your Assets.
- 2. All documents concerning any Assets you or Bullock Transferred to your Husband.
- 3. All documents concerning any Assets you or Bullock Transferred to your Children.
- 4. All documents concerning federal and local taxes filed by you or your agent(s), including your tax returns.
 - 5. All documents prepared for you by third parties concerning your Assets.
- 6. All documents concerning your expenses and the sources of payment(s) for those expenses, including without limitation, costs in connection with any of your Assets, your Husband's Assets, or your Children's Assets.
- 7. All documents concerning Zaya Food, including without limitation, its financing, fundraising, sources of capital, revenues, expenses, debts, and/or investments.
- 8. All documents concerning any business you have entered into, including without limitation, its financing, fundraising, sources of capital, revenues, expenses, debts, and/or investments.
- 9. All documents concerning all instances in which you have provided cash or any other Asset to Bullock.
- 10. All documents concerning charitable causes you support, including events you have attended and/or donations you have contributed.
 - 11. All documents concerning any Assets Transferred from or to Bullock.